Bre not well supplied with arms, but have raceuch to put up a terrible fight against soldiers or Americans. The Mexicans attacked the mounted police yesterday, righting a battle which resulted in the death of a large number of them. General-Manager A. S. Dwight was injured by a bullet, receiving a scalp wound that is not serious. Five thousand Mexicans are out on strike. They are very defiant, marching through the streets and only awaiting the appearance of the anarchist flags to attack every Mexican and American in Cannnea, who does not join them. They are making threats that they will destroy the entire camp and exterminate every American in it.

destroy the entire camp and exterminate every American in it.

There are between fifty and sevenly-five police and half of them are siding with the rioters. Some of them are standing by the Americans, but it is feared they will not long remain with them if they see that the Mexicans are getting the upper hand."

URGENT APPEAL TO UNITED STATES

Governor of Sonora Himself Sends Message to the State Department.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The state department has received a most urgent telegraphic appeal for help from American
Consul Gaibratth, at Cananea, Mexico, in
which the consul says:
"Aid from United States absolutely
essential."

"Aid from United States absolutely essential."

The state department has received direct application from the governor of the State of Sonora, Mexico, for help from the American side, a most extraordinary occurrence. The direct appeal was the subject of hasty consultations to-day between the secretary of state, the chief of staff, Brigadier-General Bell, and the law officer of the war department, inasmuch as the question of the right of the United States to send troops into a friendly State is in doubt.

There are no treatles conveying any authority for the international use of troops across the frontier so the naswer was that they had no authority to act on their own initiative and dispatch troops into Mexico no matter how great the emergency, unless these troops were called for by the Mexican Governor through constitutional channels. Not even if the Governor of the Mexican State of Sonora was authorized to make a legal call for the use of American troops and if he felt the need of that a legal call for the use of American troops and if he felt the need of that kind of help, before his requisition could

kind of help, before his requisition could be honored by our government it must have been taken up and transmitted through his own foreign officer.
This afternoon the following tolegram was sent from the War Department to the commander of the garrison at Fort Tuachuca, addressed to Naco, Arizona, upon information that he had started for Commander of the Market had started for Commander and the started for t Cananea, in Mexico:

upon information that he had started for Cananea, in Mexico:

"The Military Secretary's Office,

"Washington, June 2, 1906.

"To Major Charles H. Watts, Fifth Cavalry, Naco, Arizona:

"Secretary of War directs that you and your squadron shall not cross the boundary line into Mexico. If you reach Naco, go into camp there and await instructions. If you reach receive this message, telegraph this office your whereabouts immediately.

"The Military Secretary."

The Mexican Embassy in this city is without official advices concerning the situation at Cananea. Mr. Canasca, the Mexican ambassador, sailed for Europe last week, and Mr. Canasco, secretary to the embassy, knows of the riots at the important mining center only through press dispatches.

"The trouble is very regretable," said Mr. Canasco. "There was a strike at Cananea once hefers which therefore

TAKES STEPS TO PUNISH RIOTERS

The Mexican Government Acts Promptly and With Vigor. Question of Invasion.

(By Associate Press.)
MEXICO CITY, June 2.—The government has advices from Cananca, Sonora, to the effect that the strike of Mexican employes against the mining company's management was at first perfectly pacific.

cific.

The pretext was that the Mexican employes were unfairly treated and that preference in pay and employnemit was given to Americans. The Mexican miners demands, it is said, were roughly repulsed, which gave rise to ansyrifeeling; and, the strikers set fire to deposits of ,wood, resulting in an armed conflict between Americans and Mexicans, in which fourteen men were killed and wounded on both sides.

A concentration of Federal forces was ordered so as to stamp out the movement and to preserve order.

A great many people

put off buying a necessity until they are

bound to have it, and

then find that they

can't get it. For in-

stance, we ordered

nearly 60 Alaskas of

a certain popular size

and sold them all out

several weeks ago.

We're just getting in

20 more of this size.

It's now getting hot

in dead earnest, and

to be disappointed.

we advise you to buy

right away, so as not

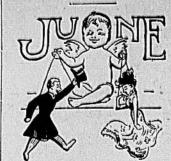
are the Alaska? It's a fact!

The ALASKA

Do you know that over 95 per cent. of Grocers'

and Butchers' Refrigerators sold in Richmond

"Berry's for Clothes."



helpless humans dance. or the "sterner sex" here the correct accessories

The new Frock Coat--white waist-coat, grey trousers, also all the right details in collars, scarfs, gloves, shoes, hats, &c.

It you come here your ap-pearance will be above criti-

Right Trunks, Bags and

Cases.
Every visitor to our Big Basement Travelers' Goods Department expresses his wonder at the mammoth display-his gratification at the price lowness-his admiration of the styles, novelties and innova-tions to be found only here. Glad to have you look in.



tory is regarded here as preposterous. Arizona being a Territory of the United States, no such order, it is believed, would be given for invasion of Mexican soil. Acting under instructions from the State Department in Washington, the American ambassador to-day was in consultation with the Foreign Relations Department here. No official statement as to the nature of the question under discussion could be obtained.

MESSAGE FROM GREENE. Sends Word That He Has Situa-

tion Well in Hand. NEW YORK, June 2.-George S. Robbins, secretary of the Kreen Consolidated Coper Company, to-day received the fol-lowing telegram from W. C. Green, presi-dent of that company, from Cananea,

dent of that company, from Cananea, Mexico:

"Furnaces and mines all closed down to-day on account of rioting among the Mexicans. Authorities giving us every protection possible, assisted by the employes of the company. The Mesa lumber yard burned, and Metcalf and brother killed defending property.

Eleven Mexicans killed during disturbance; number wounded not known. No other Americans killed. Governor Sonora, with troops, will arrive in the morning. We have the situation well in hand. Smelting and concentrating plants unliqued. We have the situation well in hand. Smelling and concentrating plants uninqueed. Trouble incited by socialistic organizations that has been formed here by malcontents opposed to Diaz government. Expect plants to be running full capacity to-morrow. Bisbee, Douglass and Naco have sent 200 volunteers to aid in preserving order.

ing order.
(Signed) W. C. GREEN, President.

SUIT BROUGHT.

Action to Compel Restoration of Money to Insurance Co. (By Associated Press.)

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., June 2.—Bult was begun to-day by the present man-agement of the Northwestern National agement of the Northwestern National Life Insurance Company against Dr. J. F. Force, former president, asking for an accounting and the return of any of the company's funds found to have been misappropriated. It is alleged in the company's funds have been misappropriated. It is alleged in the companion on only the amount which Force was lately convicted of appropriating, but the \$50,000 which he is charged with paying to Dr. E. V. Edwards, his predecessor in office; for getting out. It is alleged that this sum came out of the company's treasury and should be returned.

Shaw in Iowa.

feeling; and the strikers set fire to deposits of wood, resulting in an armed conflict between Americans and Mexicans, in which fourteen men were killed and wounded on both sides.

A concentration of Federal forces was ordered so as to stamp out the movement and to preserve order.

Word has been sent to arrest and duly punish the guilty parties and the government will proceed with the utmost vigor.

The statement published that Arizona (By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.) (By Associated Press.)

SOUTH BOSTON IS FULL OF PLUCK (Continued From First Page.)

(Continued From First Page.)

While his injury is serious yet it is not regarded dangerous.

The fire which occurred early yesterday afternoon was under control by six o'clock and the lot of excited, exhausted and hard fire fighting people returned to their friend's homes and uttered a sigh of relief that the great conflagration, which destroyed about one-tentiof the town was abating.

Huge walls and tail chimneys stand like huge glants aloft in the air. The burned district was visited to-day by a large number of people. The news of the fire was a great shock to the people in town as well as out on account of the repidity with which the flames traveling northeastward, leaped from building to building, leaving behind its path only a pile of ashes and other debris.

The firemen did herole work and the large number of volunteer firemen also deserve special credit in subduing the flames and saving personal property. The fire originated in a small feed room in the rear of Edmondson's stables, rap, idly consuming the entire stables and four horses.

Next to Edmondson's large warehouse,

four horses.

Next to Edmondsons large warehouse, which is one of the oldest in the country, the First National Bank, L. C. Ingles fewelry store, Samuel F. Gilliland's large department store, Jake Summerfield, B. J. Griffin, C. C. Firesheet's residence and Hotel Garland came next. The flames in the meantime had leapt across to Broad Sireet and with mad rapidity, easily guited the six story lobacco prize ery of the Imperial Tobacco Company factories belonging

ery of the Imperial Tobacco Company and two other factories belonging to Major Edmondson.

The dwellings of E. C. Garrard, E. M. Penick, I. C. and N. B. Spragins, Mrs. Sarah Howell, W. L. Rice, A. J. Glasscock and C. T. Wilmouth next proved easy victims for the hungry flames.

Here they were checked on Reservoir Street in the residential section, and in the business section after Griffin's harness and saddle store had been consumed, and the enger spectators and tired men uttered a sigh of relief.

The ladies also did excellent work and must not be passed unmentioned. The water supply was good, but insufficient, and Danville extended a welcome hand and the only regret is that the engines could not reach here sooner as the firemen did good work for which South Boston is grateful.

ton is grateful.

ton is grateful.

The town also greatly appreciates the editorial of this morning in which The Times-Dispatch in behalf of Richmond, extends sympathy and offers a helping hand to South Boston, and further speaks in a complimentary manner of the Yapid growth of the town and the mimber of enterprising business men it contains.

MOVEMENT TO ELECT TARIFF REFORM MEMBERS

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 2-A dinner was given by the Tariff Reform Committee of the Reform Club to-night at the Hotel Astor to inaugurate a movement to return to Congress at the election members piedged to tariff reform legislation. Henry B. Stapler, chairman of the Reform Club, presided, and the speakers included ex-Governor William L. Douglas, of Massachusetts; Representative Jew. Sharpe Williams and J. T. tative John Sharpe Williams and J. T. Rainey. Letters of regret were read from former President Grover Cleveland, Alton B. Parker and Henry Watterson.

INDICTED FOR ATTEMPT TO BRIBE GRAND JURY

(By Associated Press.)
GAINESVILLE, FLA. June 2.—The grand jury of the special term of the Circuit Court convened to in re into alleged irregularities of the grand jury at the last regular term of court, returned indictments to-day against J. N. Stobhar, former agent of the Aelantic Coast Line at this point; J. C. B. Thomas and William Thomas for attempting to bribe the last jury.

bribe the last jury.

Sensational charges are also made that certain prominent attorneys had attempted to induence the grand jurors by giving them whiskey.

Delivered Annual Address.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) HARRISONBURG, VA., June 2.—Dr., Alexander B. Coffey, professor of philo-sophy at William and Mary College, delivered the annual address to the grad-

livered the annual address to the grad-uating class sof the Harrisonburg High School last night in assembly hall. His subject was "Young America." The graduates were: Mitchell Neff, val-edictorian; Frankie Bell, essayist; Wal-stein Snell, salutatorian; Helen Lewis, Julia Sprinkel, George Warren, Kemper Yancey, Ned Yancey.

Washington Affairs.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2,—Riley
T. Smith appointed postmaster at Layman, Craig county, Va., vice W. J. Lay-

man, resigned.

David C. Killian appointed regular,

John R. Killian substitute, rural carrier

route 1 at Lincolnton, N. C.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Sunday and Monday Virginia-Fair Sunday and Monday; vari North Carolina-Partly cloudy Sunday and Monday; variable winds.

Conditions	Yesterday.
Richmond's weathe	r was clear and hot
9 A. M	6 P. M
Average	78 1-6.

Thermometer This Day Last Year

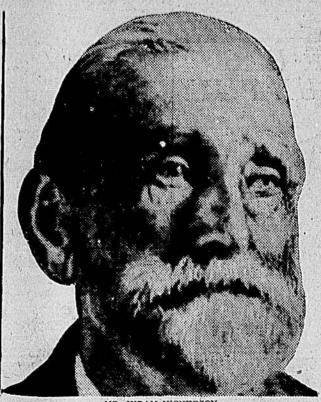
9 A. M. 63 6 P. M. 65 12 M. 70 9 P. M. 63 3 P. M. 73 12 midnight. 58 Conditions in Important Cities.

Conditions in Important (At 8 P. M., Eastern Time.)

Place Ther. High. T. Weather. Asheville, N. C. 72 76 P. cloudy Augusta 74 96 Rain Charlotte 72 86 Rain (Charleston 76 82 P. cloudy P. cloudy P. cloudy P. cloudy Weather, P. cloudy Rain Rain P. cloudy Clear Rain P. cloudy Jacksonville Key West, Ma... Mobile New Orleans Norfolk, Va. Palestine, Tex. Raleigh

Miniature Almanac.

Temperance Advocate · Recommends and Endorses



MR. HIRAM NICKERSON.

Broken in health, the result of a disease contracted on the battle-field, and suffering from a general breakdown, Mr. Nickerson was restored to robust, happy health by the use of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. This is his sincere letter of

thanks: When a man is discouraged and constantly suffering he very naturally has a deep feeling for the remedy that brings him the happiness attained through robust health.

I take a tenspoonful of Duffy's Pure Mait Whiskey every morning, beaten up with a raw agg and two-thirds of a glass of milk. On retiring at night I take a tablespoonful in hot water and sugar.

Before I began with Duffy's I was badly

broken in health and completely rundown.

My right leg and foot was cold up to my

knee all the time, and I could not keep warm

nights.

Was also bothered with shakes, contracted through exposure during the Civil War, when I served in the United States Army.

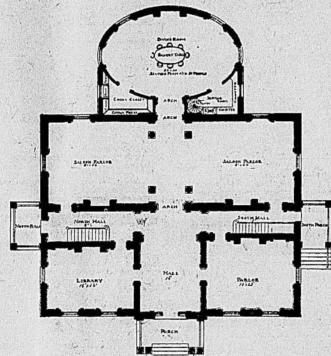
I recommended Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey to all old soldiers, or, in fact, to any person who is broken in health or growing old.

Now, though I am a temperance man, despising the indiscriminate use of intoxicants, I heartly indorse Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.—HIRAM NICKERSON, Warren Ave., Middle-boro, Mass.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Beware of dangerous imitations and substitutes. They are positively harmful, and are sold for profit only by unscrupulous dealers. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and be certain the seal over the cork is unbroken. All druggists and grocers, or direct, \$1,00 a bottle. Doctor's advice and medical booklet free. Duffy's Mait Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

PLAN OF NEW DINING ROOM.



An appropriation was made by the Seneral Assembly of Virginia, meeting last winter, to defray the expense of an addition to the Executive Mansion of Virginia, and the accompanying illus-tration is taken from the drawings of tration is taken from the drawings of the architect, Captain M. J. Dimmock, who has been selected to complete the building. The contract has been awarded to Mr. Joseph W. Thomas, of this city, who has begun work, and will complete the addition ready for accupancy by October 1st.

The want of this new dining-room addition to the mansion has been greatly fell for many years, as the present dining-room is on the ground floor, has a contracted approach and is too small for the entertainment of guests on State

occasions.

It was suggested that the new addition or wing be attached to the southern end of the Mansion and connected with it, but the interior plan of the old building did not lend itself to this arrangement. Moreover, the architect felt that the present symmetrical proportions of the Mansion would be seriously impaired by such treatment, nor would the appropriation allow the consideration of two wings. So, a happy solution of the problem has been reached by the placing of a beautiful elliptical dinius-hall at the rear of the main building, directly connecting with and opening into

the salon pariors on either side of the entrance hall.

The partition wall now dividing these pariors will be removed, and four beautiful columns will be substituted, making an entrance into the dining-hall without intringing upon the pariors which are beautifully proportioned rooms. The new addition will conform in Colonial style and detail in every particular to the old building, the doors and walneed matching exactly.

The elliptical dining-room will have a doors and walnacot matching exact; The elliptical dining-room will have handsome crystal center chandeller, wit invisible electric lights around the cell ing cornice. The vista, as seen from the hall in entering the building and looking through four arches into the par-lors and on beyond into the dining-hall will be most imposing.

The ground floor of the addition is

Day's Work in Congress the educational test-was debated during

(Ry Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2.—What might have been a serious parliamentary snarl was dexterously avoided by Speaker Cannon late this afternoon in the House of Representatives, when Mr. Murphy, of Missouri, rose to present what he denominated a privileged resolution. The conference reports on the rate and state-hood bills had been made and ordered printed, when the Misscuri congressman presented a resolution rescinding the action of the House sending the statehood bill to conference and providing for a vote on the Senate amendments. Mr. Payne, of New York, the floor leader of the majority, instantly made the point that the resolution was not privileged. The Speaker, with smilling face, held that the resolution was not privileged, as the papers in the case were with the Senate, and he had serious doubts if the resolution would be privileged even if the papers were with the House, Confusion ensued. Mr. Murphy and a number of Democrate springing to their feet to take exception to the ruling of the Speaker.

Rules With High Hand.

Above the din Mr. Murphy was heard to say: "Let us have a square deal, Mr. Speaker." I appeal from the decision of the dealing in the floor.

The House spent the day considering on the floor.

plote it.

The feature of the naturalization bin- are not using it.

much of the session, to be finally amendod by Mr. Kenny Neb, whose amend-

ment reads as follows:

"That no aften shall hereaf, er be naturalized or admitted as a citizen of the United States who cannot speak—the English language."

The Test as Taid down in the Mill making it obligators that the intending citizen is a speak.



SOZODONT, "The Honest Dentifrice." Through sixty years no honest effort has been spared to give to the public a Dentifrice that the teeth require. It is an Alkaline, slightly astringent, deliciously fragrant deodorizer and on the floor.
The Tiouse spent the day considering tonic for the tooth and mouth the naturalization bill, but did not compared to the structure. It is your loss if you

Session of Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The Senate to-day received the conference reports of the railroad rate and statehood bills and heard the announcement of the re-sult of the deliberations of the Com-mittee on Privueges and Ejections in the case of Senator Smoot. In the case of Senator Smoot, Senator Burrows, who

read, speak and understand the Englis

the case of Senator Smoot. In the case of Senator Smoot, Senator Burrows, who made the statement as chairman of the comittee, asked that a day be fixed for a consideration of the subject, but objection was made because the official report was not ready for consideration, and, on that account, the further consideration of the subject was postponed. There was no discussion of either the statehood or the rate question.

The consideration of the joint resolution prescribing a policy in the purchase of Panama Canal supplies consumed, the major part of the session and it closed by the adoption of the resolution by practically a party spot, The Democratis sought in many forms, but in vain, to secure the adoption of an amendment that would commit Congress against the protective system. The only amendment adopted, was one suggested by Senator Pettus, growiding that bids shall be from the lowest responsible bidders.

After passing a large number of private pension bills, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

RAILROAD RATE

bility. The initial carrier is made lia-ble to the shipper but such initial carrier is entitled to recover from the carrier on whose line the loss, damage or injury shall have been sustained.

Enlargement of Commision.

Enlargement of Commission.

The original provisions of the House bill, enlarging the commission to seven members, with terms of seven years and each to receive \$10,000 compensation annually, was restored to the bill, and a provision added providing the appointment of a secretary at \$5,000 annually and an assistant secretary, at \$4,000 annually. This privision was offered in the Senate and voted down, and therefore is now legislation. nually, was restored to the bill, and a provision added providing the appointment of a secretary at \$5,000 annually and an assistant secretary, at \$4,000 annually. This privision was offered in the Senate and voted down, and therefore is now legislation.

Another piece of new legislation is found in the jast section, where provision is made that the bill shall take effect.

found in the last section, where provision is made that the bill shall take effect and be in force sixty days from and after its passage, instead of immediately upon its passage and approval, as was provided by both the House and the Senate.

Hepburn's Opinion.

Representative Hepburn of Iowa, who introduced the railroad rate bill, made a statement regarding the measure after the had presented the conference report to the House to-day, "I think the bill, as a whole," he said, "is an excellent one; and I have no

"Is an excellent one, and I have no doubt that it will bring relief with regard to all of the matters recommended in the measage of the President." Report on Statehood.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2,-Conferees on the statehood bill, at 3 o'clock to-day, signed a report covering all points in dispute, but exception was taken by the Democrats to the agreement in rethe Democrats to the agreement in re-lation to Arizona and New Mexico. The vote was unanimous in regard to all pro-visions relating to the admission of Okla-homa and Indian Territory. The exer-tion was taken by Senator Patterson and Representative Moon, the managers on the part of the minority, and indicates that the agreement may yet encounter shouls in the Senate, where a poil shows that without Democratic votes the report cannot be adopted.

When the conference report was pre-

cannot be adopted.

When the conference report was presented to the Senate to-day, Senator Forester declared he wellid do his utmost to defeat it, Senator Balley declared that the agreement would not be accepted by the Democrats.

Winter Training Station,

Winter Iraining Station,
(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2.—It has been decided at the Navy Department to use the Port Royal Naval Station as a winter training station to any extent which may be found desirable and necessary. It is deemed desirable by the department to have some station available for the training of recruits, should disease make its appearance at one of the present training stations and render it inadequate.

Wiswag-"A' friend of mine is perfecting an elixir of life that will enable a man to live 100 years." Henpedke-"He evidently isn't a married man, or he wouldn't want to live that long."

FIGHT NOW OVER COST OF SERVICE (Continued From First Page.)

gation made by Messrs. Neill and Reynolds. Present at the conference also was George P. McCabe, solicitor for the Department of Agriculture. The text of the hrifer was discussed thoroughly and was welded finally into the form in which it will be transmitted to Congress next Monday.

The Wadsworth substitute for the Beveridge beef inspection amendment to the agriculture bill has been completed and printed for the information of the Committee on Agriculture. It will not be made public until next Wednesday. The substitute is said to follow the lines of the Beveridge amendment, with the vital exception that it places the cost of inspection upon the government. It also provids a court review of the administration of the inspection and restricts the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture in the power to make regulations given him in the Beveridge amendment.

What Ryan Says.

Hon. John F. Ryan, of Loudoun county, former speaker of the Virginia House of Delegates, and an extensive cattle-raises, while at the Capitol to-day, discussed this subject of the Beveridge amendment, and governmental inspection of meat product generally.

subject of the Beveridge amendment, and governmental inspection of meat product generally.

"I do not believe there is anything like the necessity of this inspection law that people appear generally to believe," he said. "I am confident that conditions in the packing houses are terribly exaggerated. I am quite familiar with the methods in use in the meat packing establishments; I know from observation that the packers are extremely careful, and require cleaniness in every department. Of course, it occasionally occurs that a diseased animal gets into the market. Such things will happen under any conditions, no matter how rigid the inspection. A rotten pumpkin is sometimes used in making pies. The ple-maker has only to cook that pumpkin with a hundred others and no-body is the wiser as to the saite of all those pumkins before being belied.

Do you want governmental inspection of all pumpkins proposed to be baked into pies?

Extravagant Language.

Extravagant Language.

"The cattle-growers will sufter enormously as a result of all this sensational talk about the impurities of conned meats. It plays right into the hands of the European farmers, especially those of Germany, where they have been trying to shut out American meats for a long time. I believe, too, that there has been a great deal of extravagant language used about the beef trust. Everybody has known for years that there was an oil trust, and a steel trust, and so on, but the fact that certain meatpackers controlled the price of beef and extorted tribute from consumers has never been clearly established. The retail dealer is getting meats at a very fair price. He often puts up the price on the consumer, and the trust gets the on the consumer, and the trust gets the

blame."
Mr. Ryan believes, however, that since the agitation for meat inspection has been started, and so many stories of impurity have been circulated, it would be best to provide for its inspection by the government, But he believes the government should pay for the inspection instead of putting the cost upon the growers or consumers.

OBITUARY.

S. E. Oliver,

Departed this life Tuesday, May 8, 1908, Samuel Elder Oliver, aged twentyfour years, Scarcely had the clods fallen
on the coffin of this beloved young man,
when his brother was stricken down, and
in a few days the end came. These
two brothers were sons of Mrs. Mary E.
and the late John S. Oliver.

Truly can it be said of them, "In the
misst of life, we are in death." Never
was there a more pathetic visitation of
Providence than in the sudden death of
these two young men. Hearty, hale and
strong, almost in the twinkling of an
eye they passed away. United in life;
united in death.

They are survived by a heart-broken
mother and a devoted brother. The
ways of Providence are, indeed, mysterious. But what we know not now we
shall know hereafter.

Then trust in God, through all thy

ways; Fear not, for He doth hold thy hand. Though dark thy way, still always pray. Sometime—sometime, we'll understand.

Lt.-Com. Jno. M. Holcombe Dead (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2.—The

Georgia.

He had been under treatment at the Mare Island Hospital for some time.



To fortell the future would be to burglarize

Buccess, The speculator eventually finds himself a false prophet. But the persistent saver's sound judgment is always rewarded

by permanent prosperity. \$1 or more starts a savings account. 3 per cent. compound interest.

Prompt attention given mail deposits.

Planters National Bank,

Savings Department Richmond, Va.

Capital - - - \$300,000 Surplus and Profits - 900,000